```
1
     Kristin A. Schuler-Hintz, Esq. SBN 7171
      Sherry A. Moore, Esq. SBN 11215
  2
     McCarthy & Holthus, LLP
     9510 West Sahara Avenue, Suite 200
 3
      Las Vegas, NV 89117
 4
     Phone (877) 369-6122
     Fax (866) 339-5691
 5
 6
     Attorney for: Federal National Mortgage Association, Inc., and Seterus, Inc.
 7
 8
                               UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 9
                                     DISTRICT OF NEVADA
10
11
                                                 ) BK Case No. 14-14200-mkn
     In re:
12
                                                  Chapter 13 (Dismissed)
     Aydin T Oner,
13
                  Debtor.
14
                                                  Adv. Proceeding No.: 14-01112-mkn
     Aydin T. Oner
                  Plaintiff,
15
                                                  Case no.: 2:14-cv-01604-JCM
     CitiMortgage, Inc., and National Default
16
                                                  APPELLEES FEDERAL NATIONAL
     Servicing Corporation, et al.,
17
                                                 ) MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION, INC.'S AND
                  Defendants.
                                                  SETERUS, INC.'S OPPOSITION TO
18
     Aydin T Oner
                                                ) APPELLANT'S APPLICATION FOR
                  Appellant,
19
                                                ) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
     CitiMortgage, Inc., National Default Servicing
20
     Corporation; Federal National Mortgage
21
     Association and Seterus, Inc., and Ocwen Loan
     Servicing, Inc.
22
                  Appellees.
23
24
            Comes now, Sherry A. Moore, Esq., of the law firm of McCarthy & Holthus, LLP, as
25
     counsel of record for Appellees Federal National Mortgage Association, Inc. and Seterus, Inc.,
     and hereby opposes the Appellant's Application for Preliminary Injunction dated December 29,
26
     2014.
27
     ///
28
     ///
29
```

1

2

4 5

6 7

8

10 11

1213

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

2122

23

24

2526

2728

29

ARGUMENT

Just as was the case with Appellant's Motion for Temporary Injunction, the instant Motion for Preliminary Injunction is without merit and must be denied in its entirety.

In the first instance, Appellant has engaged in a campaign of dilatory conduct through the state/federal court system(s) since 2012. As alleged in the underlying case (Bankruptcy Adversary no. 14-01112-MKN), specifically in the factual allegations of Appellees' Federal National Mortgage Assoc. ("FNMA") and Seterus, Inc. Motion to Dismiss, the Debtor/Plaintiff/Appellant has prejudicially delayed FNMA/Seterus in its foreclosure action since 2012. After substantive scrutiny in the 8th Judicial District Court and the granting of summary judgment in favor of FNMA/Seterus so as to schedule a "sheriff's sale" of the subject real property in May 2013, the Appellant engaged in a scheme of delay of said sale by two consecutive Chapter 13 bankruptcy filings on the eve of sale (both dismissed for failure to prosecute), and a bankruptcy adversary matter (the dismissal of which is the subject of the current appeal). See Appellee's Motion to Dismiss, Statement of Facts, page 2-3, and attached as Exhibit A to Appellee's Opposition to Motion for Temporary Injunction, Docket # 8. Furthermore, the adversary matter was similarly dismissed on or around September 23, 2014. On October 10, 2014, a sheriff's sale was re-scheduled for December 11, 2014, and notice thereof provided on October 13, 2014. See Exhibit "B" attached to Appellee's Opposition to Motion for Temporary Injunction, Docket # 8.

In yet another example of dilatory conduct, Appellant waited nearly 2 months thereafter to file his Motion for Temporary Restraining Order on the eve of sale and proclaiming urgency and irreparable harm after ostensibly sitting on his "rights" to the very last moment. No matter which way it is cut, Debtor/Plaintiff/Appellant's conduct rises to a level of a scheme to abuse the legal process for self-serving delay of the foreclosure action that prejudices Appellee FNMA/Seterus herein. Just as before, the instant motion is practically identical to the denied Motion for Temporary Injunction in that it is requesting the same relief and is making the same baseless allegations. The only difference is that Debtor appears to be seeking to set aside this Court's order denying his Motion for Temporary Injunction. It is a well-known maxim that "in order to get equity, one must do equity." Appellant's Motion for Preliminary Injunction flies directly in the face of this principle, and merits denial of the Motion in no uncertain terms.

1

2

14 15

12

13

161718

19

2021

23

22

24

///

///

///

///

///

///

2526

27

28

29

In addition, and in a similar fashion as all of Appellant's conduct since May 2013, the merits of the instant appeal lack substance and appear to be yet another example of the scheme of delay. The Appellant continues to claim that the Bankruptcy Court lacked jurisdiction to enter final judgment in the adversary matter as grounds for appeal. The facts and pleadings say Plaintiff/Appellant's Complaint explicitly consents to the Bankruptcy Court's otherwise. jurisdiction on the first page of the Complaint. See Plaintiff's Complaint attached as Exhibit "C" to Appellee's Opposition to Motion for Temporary Injunction, Docket # 8. Furthermore, Appellees' FNMA/Seterus (and Ocwen by way of its Joinder to the Motion to Dismiss), also explicitly consents to the Bankruptcy Court's jurisdiction. See Exhibit "A", page 2. "Jurisdiction" allegation, attached to Appellee's Opposition to Motion for Temporary Injunction, Docket # 8. With a unanimity of consent of parties to jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Court and its subsequent entry of the Order of Dismissal dated Sept. 23, 2014 (the subject Order on appeal). it is curious now that the Appellant claims "lack of consent" as grounds for appeal. The fact is that the Appellant simply does not consent to the judgment that is adverse to his interests.

Additionally, in its Order denying Appellant's Motion for Temporary Restraining Order, this Court noted that Appellant's remedy in seeking a temporary restraining order is to be presented to the bankruptcy judge. Despite this procedural admonition, Appellant chose to ignore this Court's ruling and instead file this second, baseless motion instead of presenting his request for relief in the proper forum pursuant to FRBP 8005. Appellant continues to file these meritless motions rather than filing a substantive brief outlining why he is entitled to the relief he is seeking. Thus, this motion is yet another in a long line of attempts to further delay Appellant from proceeding with the foreclosure action.

Accordingly, the questionable merits of the Appellant's appeal do not support a "strong likelihood of success on the merits," and therefore the grounds for granting the instant Motion for Preliminary Injunction do not lie.

CONCLUSION

For all the reasons stated above, Appellees FNMA/Seterus request that this Court deny the Appellant's Motion for Preliminary Injunction in its entirety.

DATED:

January 2, 2015

Sherry A. Møgre, Esq., SBN 11215 McCarthy & Holthus, LLP

McCarthy & Holthus, LLP 9510 W. Sahara Ave. #200

Las Vegas, NV 89117

Attorney for Federal National Mortgage Association, Inc., and Seterus, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of McCarthy & Holthus, LLP; and that on January 5, 2015, I served the foregoing APPELLEES FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION, INC.'S and SETERUS, INC.'S OPPOSITION TO APPELLANT'S APPLICATION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION. to the following: Via United States First Class Mail Aydin T Oner 3733 Misty Falls Street Las Vegas, NV 89129 Raymond Jereza, Esq. Wright Finlay & Zak, LLP 5532 S. Fort Apache Road, Ste 110 Las Vegas, NV 89148 An Employee of McCarthy & Holthus, LLP